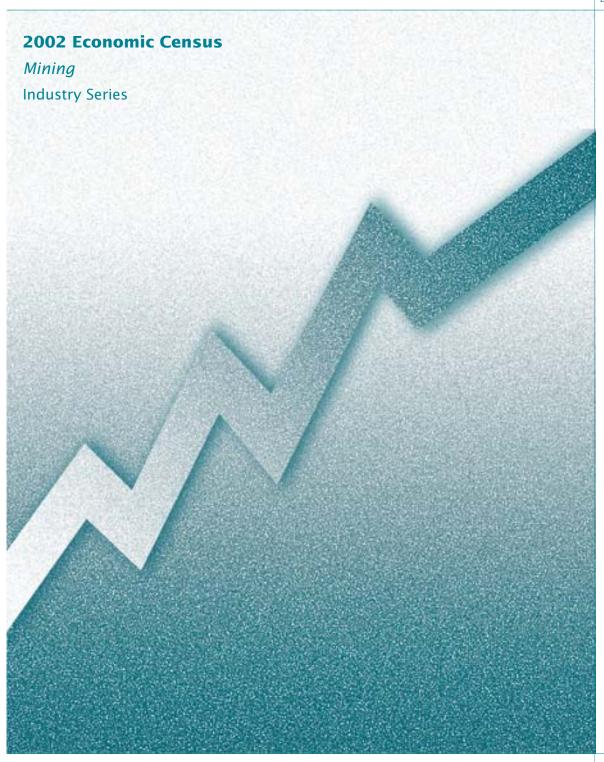
# Clay and Ceramic and Refractory Minerals Mining: 2002

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#### **CONTENTS**

	duction to the Economic Censusng	v ix
Tabl	es	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6a. 6b.	Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and 1997 Industry Statistics for Selected States and Offshore Areas: 2002 Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002 Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002 Industry Statistics by Type of Operation: 2002 Products or Services Statistics: 2002 and 1997 Product Class Shipments or Receipts for Services for Selected States and Offshore Areas: 2002 and 1997 Selected Supplies, Minerals Received for Preparation, Purchased Machinery, and Fuels Consumed by Type: 2002 and 1997	1 2 3 4 5 6
Appe	endixes	
A. B. C. D. E. F.	Explanation of Terms NAICS Codes, Titles, and Descriptions Methodology Geographic Notes Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas Comparability of Product Classes and Product Codes: 2002 to 1997	A-1 B-1 C-1  F-1

-- Not applicable for this report.

#### Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and 1997

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

			All employees		Production, development, and exploration workers						
Industry and year	Com- panies <sup>1</sup>	All estab- lish- ments <sup>2</sup>	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of	Total value of shipments and receipts for services (\$1,000)	Capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
212325, Clay and ceramic and refractory minerals mining	105 100	126 132	3 650 3 782	130 684 118 572	2 820 2 956	6 004 6 182	92 597 87 344	456 009 434 952	297 609 256 759		37 707 72 287

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control. <sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States and Offshore Areas: 2002

[Offshore areas refer to those areas not associated with a state. States that are disclosures or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentially protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All establishments <sup>2</sup>		All employees		Production, development, and exploration workers						
Industry and geographic area		Total	With 20 em- ploy- ees or more	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of supplies (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments and receipts for services (\$1,000)	Capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
212325, Clay and ceramic and refractory minerals mining												
United States	2 - -	126 7 9 9 11 16	53 3 7 3 4 9	3 650 179 537 324 341 514	130 684 4 881 18 767 11 146 13 526 17 373	2 820 154 418 260 257 421	6 004 289 919 476 517 845	92 597 3 645 14 127 7 935 8 938 13 795	456 009 20 050 60 821 44 260 50 617 71 721	297 609 10 286 40 948 20 125 27 951 81 503	715 911 27 596 96 847 62 876 77 138 142 056	37 707 2 740 4 922 1 509 1 430 11 168

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1-10 to 19 percent; 2-20 to 29 percent; 3-30 to 39 percent; 4-40 to 49 percent; 5-50 to 59 percent; 6-60 to 69 percent; 7-70 to 79 percent; 8-80 to 89 percent; 9-90 percent or more.

<sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

# Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
212325, Clay and ceramic and refractory minerals mining	
Companies <sup>1</sup> number	105
All establishments <sup>2</sup>	126 73 46 7
All employees for pay period including March 12       number.         Total compensation       \$1,000.         Annual payroll       \$1,000.         Annual fringe benefits not included in payroll       \$1,000.	3 650 163 390 130 684 32 706
Production, development, and exploration workers for pay period including March 12number	2 820
Production, development, and exploration worker annual hours	6 004 92 597
Total cost of supplies         \$1,000.           Supplies used, minerals received, and purchased machinery installed         \$1,000.           Resales         \$1,000.           Purchased fuels consumed         \$1,000.           Purchased electricity         \$1,000.           Contract work         \$1,000.	297 609 200 790 20 594 42 453 21 613 12 159
Quantity of electricity purchased . 1,000 kWh.  Quantity of electricity generated less sold . 1,000 kWh.	433 470 D
Total other expenses         \$1,000           Response coverage ratio³         percent.           Communications services         \$1,000           Legal services         \$1,000           Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services         \$1,000           Advertising and promotional services         \$1,000           All other expenses (not included above)         \$1,000	30 952 82 1 395 1 213 446 1 900 25 998
Total value of shipments and receipts for services. \$1,000. Primary products value of shipments \$1,000. Secondary products value of shipments and receipts for services \$1,000. Value of resales \$1,000.	715 911 681 319 11 941 22 651
Value of primary products shipments or services produced in all industries       \$1,000.         Value of primary products shipments or services produced in this industry.       \$1,000.         Value of primary products shipments or services produced in other industries.       \$1,000.	701 363 681 319 20 044
Value added\$1,000	456 009
Total inventories, end of 2001\$1,000.  Mineral products, crude petroleum, and natural gas liquids inventories\$1,000.  Supplies, parts, fuels, etc., inventories\$1,000.	125 382 75 629 49 753
Total inventories, end of 2002 \$1,000.  Mineral products, crude petroleum, and natural gas liquids inventories \$1,000.  Supplies, parts, fuels, etc., inventories \$1,000.	126 258 76 763 49 495
Gross book value of depreciable/depletable assets at beginning of year \$1,000.  Capital expenditures (except land and mineral rights). \$1,000.  Capital expenditures for buildings, structures, machinery, and equipment (new and used) \$1,000.  Capital expenditures for mineral exploration and development \$1,000.  Capital expenditures for mineral land and rights \$1,000.  Deductions from depreciable/depletable assets during year \$1,000.  Gross book value of depreciable/depletable assets at end of year \$1,000.	664 491 37 707 37 584 123 3 297 15 384 690 111
Total depreciation/depletion charges during year\$1,000	45 129
Total rental payments during year \$1,000.  Buildings and other structures \$1,000.  Machinery and equipment \$1,000.	11 829 1 740 10 089
Lease rents\$1,000	896
Expensed mineral exploration, development, land, and rights	4 606

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

<sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>3</sup>A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the employment for those establishments that reported this item to the total employment for all establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class			All emp	loyees	Production, d	levelopment, ar workers	nd exploration				
		All estab- lish- ments <sup>2</sup>	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of supplies (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments and receipts for services (\$1,000)	Capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
212325, Clay and ceramic and refractory minerals mining											
All establishments  Establishments with — 0 to 4 employees. 5 to 9 employees. 10 to 19 employees 20 to 49 employees 50 to 99 employees 100 to 249 employees 500 to 999 employees 500 to 999 employees 1,000 to 2,499 employees 2,500 employees 2,500 employees 0 or 2,499 employees 2,500 employees	1 9 3 - 1 - 1 - -	126 42 18 13 27 19 7 - -	3 650 92 115 178 941 1 346 978 - - -	130 684 3 053 4 695 6 367 30 195 46 528 39 846 —	2 820 69 93 154 731 1 052 721 - - -	6 004 138 200 318 1 449 2 319 1 580 - - -	92 597 2 233 3 511 5 076 22 065 34 566 25 146	456 009  8 148 13 499 21 085 139 746 148 158 125 373 — — — —	297 609 4 120 7 815 20 788 75 788 75 89 120 257 69 556 — — —	715 911 11 427 20 120 39 363 198 910 258 855 187 236 — —	37 707 841 1 194 2 510 15 909 9 560 7 693 — —
Administrative records <sup>3</sup>	9	42	116	3 949	90	181	2 870	11 770	5 971	16 431	1 310

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

# Table 5. Industry Statistics by Type of Operation: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	All establishments <sup>1</sup>		All employees		Production,	development, and workers			
Industry and type of operation	Total	With 20 employees or more	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)		Total value of shipments and receipts for services (\$1,000)
212325, Clay and ceramic and refractory minerals mining									
All establishments Producing establishments Mines or wells only Underground mines Open-pit mines Combination mines, well operations, or other types of	126 126 68 - 68	53 53 10 - 10	3 650 3 650 754 — 754	130 684 130 684 24 229 — 24 229	2 820 2 820 571 — 571	6 004 6 004 1 177 - 1 177	92 597 92 597 17 498 — 17 498	456 009 65 889	715 911 715 911 102 248 - 102 248
mines  Mines with preparation plants  Underground mines  Open-pit mines  Combination mines or other types of mines	37 1 33 3	25 1 22 2	9 b 1 484 70	D D 51 804 2 475	D D 1 154 58	D D 2 379 114	D D 35 133 1 952	D D 172 573 7 986	D D 262 445 11 736
Separately operated preparation plants	1 20	1 17	b 1 254	D 48 349	D 955	D 2 160	D 34 436	D 176 805	D 298 821
Nonproducing establishments	-	=	-	-	_	_	_	_	_

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.
<sup>2</sup>Includes data for establishments that were not possible to classify based on information available.

#### Table 6a. Products or Services Statistics: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and value of products or receipts for services of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Product or			Product shipments or receipts for services		
service code	Product or service	Quantity of production for all purposes	Quantity	Value (\$1,000)	
212325	Clay and ceramic and refractory minerals mining	X	X	701 363 612 199	
2123252	Bentonite	X X	X	240 312 N	
21232521	Bentonite	X	X	240 312	
2123252100	1997	X X X	X S N	240 312 N	
2123254	Fire clay	X	X	117 276	
21232541	1997 Fire clay	X X	X X	N 117 276	
2123254100	1997 1,000 metric tons2002. 1997	X X X	X S N	117 276 N	
2123256	Fuller's earth	X	X	91 829	
21232561	Fuller's earth	X	X	N 91 829	
2123256100	1997 Fuller's earth	X X X	X S N	91 829 N	
212325A	Feldspar (crude, crushed, or ground)	X	×	28 573	
212325A1	Feldspar (crude, crushed, or ground)	X	X	28 573	
212325A100	1997 Feldspar (crude, crushed, or ground)	X X X	X S N	N 28 573 N	
212325B	Common (miscellaneous) clay and shale	X	×	107 713	
212325B1	1997   Common (miscellaneous) clay and shale	X	X X X	107 713	
212325B111	1997 Crude common (miscellaneous) clay and shale	X X X	S	N 23 775	
212325B122	Prepared common (miscellaneous) clay and shale	X X X	N S N	83 938 N	
2123259	Other clay, ceramic, and refractory minerals (including magnesite and brucite)	X	X	93 052	
21232591	Other clay, ceramic, and refractory minerals (including magnesite and brucite)	X X X	X X X	61 370 93 052 61 370	
2123259100	Other clay, ceramic, and refractory minerals (including magnesite and brucite) 1,000 metric tons				
	Drucite)	X	<sup>q</sup> 1 398.1 1 085.5	93 052 61 370	
212325W	Clay and ceramic and refractory minerals mining, nsk	X X	X X	22 608 12 602	
212325WY	Clay and ceramic and refractory minerals mining, nsk	X X	x X	22 608 12 602	
212325WYWT	Clay and ceramic and refractory minerals mining, nsk	X X	X	22 608 12 602	

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

# Product Class Shipments or Receipts for Services for Selected States and Offshore Areas: 2002 and 1997

[Product classes covered are those that are economically significant and whose production is geographically dispersed, provided dispersion is not approximated by data in Table 2. Also, product classes are not shown if they are miscellaneous or "not specified by kind" classes. Statistics for some states are withheld because they are either less than \$2 million in product class shipments or they disclose data for individual companies in 2002. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographic definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Product or service class code	Product or service class and geographic area	Value of product shipments or receipts for services (\$1,000)
2123252	Bentonite	
	United States	240 312 N
	Wyoming	139 469 N
2123254	Fire clay	
	United States. 2002. 1997	117 276 N
2123256	Fuller's earth	
	United States	91 829 N
2123259	Other clay, ceramic, and refractory minerals (including magnesite and brucite)	
	United States	93 052 61 370
	Georgia	40 694 N
212325A	Feldspar (crude, crushed, or ground)	
	United States	28 573 N
212325B	Common (miscellaneous) clay and shale	
	United States	107 713 N
	Alabama	22 444 N
	Ohio	9 305 N

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

# Table 7. Selected Supplies, Minerals Received for Preparation, Purchased Machinery, and Fuels Consumed by Type: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and cost of supplies and fuels consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Supply or fuel code	Supply or fuel consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
212325	Clay and ceramic and refractory minerals mining		
	Supplies consumed by type		
21232013	Crude clay, ceramic, and refractory minerals, received for preparation	××	18 607
21232015	Crude clay, ceramic, and refractory minerals, mined and prepared at same establishment	4 344.4 12 353.7	X
33300007	Purchased machinery installed, including mobile loading, transportation, and other equipment installed at the operation	X X	7 654 33 281
33300009	Parts and attachments for mining, mineral preparation, construction, and conveying machinery and equipment	x	D
32500073	Industrial chemicals (chemical reagents, calcium chloride, etc.) excluding explosive materials	X	22 820
33120059	and blasting accessories	X X X	14 605 16 136 D
00970098	All other supplies	x x	30 556 44 106
00973000	Undistributed minerals, purchased machinery, parts, attachments, and supplies used	X X	107 864 18 403
	Fuels consumed by type		
21211003	Coal (bituminous, subbituminous, lignite, and anthracite) consumed as a fuel	182.8 241.3	7 079 6 897
32411017	Distillate (light) grade numbers 1, 2, 4, and light diesel fuel used as a fuel	241.3 S 207.4	5 439 4 696
32411019	Residual (heavy) grade numbers 5 and 6 and heavy diesel fuel used as a fuel	D 68.6	D
21111015	Gas (natural, manufactured, and mixed) used as a fuel bil cu ft. 2002.	S	1 333 15 924
32411015	1997   Gasoline used as a fuel   mil gal. 2002	7.0 S	20 077 1 785
00960018	Other fuels (liquefied petroleum gas, coke, wood, etc.)	.4 X	427 D
00974000	1997   2002   1997	X X X	1 064 10 211 4 194

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.